

(j) Sri Veerabhadrapa has been given the annual repair work of Yelagunda—Javagal Road.

Amount spent on Community Development Project Area, Shimoga District.

Q.—750. Sri L. SIDDAPPA (Channagiri).—

Will the Government be pleased to state:—

the amount spent till the end of December 1953 on various items of development activities in the Community Development Project Area of Shimoga District and also the progress made till the above period in terms of work (figures and details of work may kindly be furnished separately under each head of development activity)?

A.—Dr. R. NAGAN GOWDA (Minister for Agriculture).—

(a) Amount spent till the end of December 1953 is Rs. 2,21,298.

Details.

	Rs.
II-A Project Headquarters ...	1,68,500
B Agriculture and Animal Husbandry ...	22,814
C Irrigation ...	17,908
D Reclamation
E Health and Rural Sanitation ...	6,287
F Education ...	1,680
G Social Education ...	1,962
H Communications ...	2,147
Total ...	2,21,298

For details of work done, please see report appended below.

THE PROGRESS OF WORK UNDER THE SEVERAL ITEMS OF ACTIVITIES IN THE RURAL COMMUNITY PROJECT, SORAB-SHIKARIPUR IS GIVEN BELOW :

Agriculture and Animal Husbandry Extension.—Many improvements in agricultural practices have been introduced in the area. The chief among them is the introduction of the Japanese method of paddy cultivation. As much

as 6,000 acres of paddy were brought under this method. A little over 3,000 compost pits have been dug. Field Demonstrations were conducted on 470 plots with improved varieties of seed paddy, ragi and cotton as well as on the use of fertilisers, green manure at a total cost of about Rs. 7,000. As many as 37 Field Demonstrations on Plant Protection measures in areca as well as vegetable gardens were conducted. The quantity of improved varieties of seed paddy distributed in the area amounts to more than 1,100 pallas. Three hundred and forty-six tons of fertilisers and manure were issued to the cultivators on the several crops. Fruit plants, teak and other seedlings nearing 15,000 were distributed to the cultivators for planting. The area brought under fruit cultivation is 11 acres. One hundred and seventeen T. C. A. experiments on fertilisers were conducted and 27 young farmers' clubs were organised. Improved seed of modern varieties of several kinds of vegetables were distributed on an extensive scale and the area brought under this cultivation is 137 acres. Virgin land to the extent of 203 acres was brought under food crops by making use of the Tractors and Bull-dozers.

In the field of Animal Husbandry a good beginning has been made. The Veterinary Dispensary started under the Community Project Programme at Ulavi is functioning. The Artificial Insemination Centre has recently been started at Shiralkoppa and it is hoped that it will be of much use to the large sections of the villagers round about Shiralkoppa. The existing staff of the Veterinary Department in the area have conducted about 5,500 inoculations for the control of epidemic diseases and treated 41,500 animals for common ailments. The number of castrations of scrub bulls and operations conducted are respectively about 5,000 and 500. 106 Cockerels of improved breeds of poultry were distributed for up-grading the existing stock. Arrangements have also been made to distribute hatching eggs of improved breeds to the needy ryots. The ryots have also been encouraged to start Poultry Centre by issue of loans up to Rs. 300 to each

(DR. R. NAGAN GOWDA.)

individual farmer. 10,000 Catla fish fingerlings have been introduced into several ponds and 4,000 Gona Busia fish have been introduced into ponds to check the infection of "Guinea Worm". Further, arrangements are being made to get large number of improved variety of fingerlings from Madras and Mangalore so as to reach the saturation of the entire project area within the project period.

Irrigation.—Seventy Irrigation Works at an estimated cost of Rs. 8,52,000 have been taken up and works to the extent of Rs. 78,800 have been done, the people's contribution on these works valued at Rs. 54,767. The chief problem in this area being restoration of tanks and repairs to sluices, much progress was not possible due to the heavy rains during the monsoon. It is expected that appreciable progress would be achieved during the coming months since the engineering staff appointed have since joined duty.

Communications.—In the matter of Inter-Village Communications, work over a length of 32 miles has progressed with an outlay of Rs. 10,900, the villagers' participation amounting to Rs. 9,950. The villagers in addition have made 300 miles of inter-village earthen roads. For want of staff, measurements of certain works could not be taken and now that Sub-Overseers have been posted, all these works will be measured and paid for. It is possible that substantial progress will be achieved in this sphere inasmuch as the required number of engineering staff have since been made available and are at it.

Rural Health and Sanitation.—Work on 23 drinking water wells at an estimated cost of Rs. 35,882 were taken up and a sum of Rs. 28,729 has been actually spent. The villagers' participation on these works amount to Rs. 6,380. The project area is served with one Hospital and 12 Health Centres. Spraying of houses with D. D. T. in addition to the medical facilities given to the villagers. As many as more than 19,000 houses were sprayed with D. D. T., nearly a lakh of persons were treated for various

ailments by the Medical staff in the area. With a view to improve the sanitary conditions 410 hand flush latrines, 203 kitchen gardens and 70 soakage pits were introduced. 571 cart-loads of rank vegetations were removed and the number of cattle-sheds improved were 571. Ponds and wells chlorinated were 150 in number. 2,352 persons were vaccinated and nearly 10,000 persons were re-vaccinated. More than 100 village clinics were arranged in all parts of the Project area and the number of patients treated is 2,304. 704 deliveries were attended by the midwives and 2,602 anti-natals were registered. The number of anti-natals and post-natals which received attention of the Health staff were 6,566 and 2,831, respectively.

Education.—Ten school buildings at an estimated cost of Rs. 39,000. are under construction and the outlay so far is about Rs. 25,000. Seventeen school buildings have been promised as gifts on the occasion of the Prime Minister's Birthday and have been completed and another two schools were nearing completion. The remaining schools are expected to come up soon. Twenty New Primary Schools and two Middle Schools have been sanctioned and these have started work. Twenty-two and sixteen additional teachers have been posted to the existing Primary and Middle Schools, respectively.

Social Education.—In the field of Social Education, it has to be stated that the Chief Social Education Organiser and the Social Education Organisers have been on work since about three months. Since then 300 group meetings were conducted. One hundred and thirteen Adult Education Classes for men and one for women were organised and an actual number of 2,282 illiterates were made literate. In addition, 28 Youth Welfare Centres, 2 Folk Dramas and a number of Cinema Shows, Rural Libraries and Community Entertainments were organised.

Co-operation.—As contemplated in the Five-Year Plan and also under the Community Development Programme, every village is brought within the scope of Co-operative movement.

There are in all 144 Co-operative Societies, Gudigars' Co-operative Societies and Khadi Marketing Co-operative Societies. The number of persons enrolled as members during the last four months is 206. The following is the brief account of the transactions of these institutions during the last four months:—

1. Share capital collected	2,410
2. Loans issued	59,072
3. Loans recovered	65,784
4. Purchases made	79,597
5. Sales conducted	68,243

There are four Land Mortgage Banks in the Community Project.

The amount of loans issued during the last three months is Rs. 11,800 against the applications for Rs. 53,600.

There is one Gudigar Society in the area and all the amount advanced by the Society was Rs. 500 and Rs. 800 worth of articles were sold.

Rural Arts and Crafts.—Six Schemes costing Rs. 96,000 have been sanctioned. The Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore, Bangalore, has taken necessary action to implement these schemes under these schemes. Six Industrial Centres are to be started wherein the local interested people will be given opportunity to have training in various arts.

New Intermediate College Building at Hassan

Q.—980. Sri D. R. KARI GOWDA (Hassan).—

Will the Government be pleased to state:—

(a) the estimated amount of the new Intermediate College building at Hassan;

(b) the amount allotted by them till now to the new building;

(c) the amount spent till now;

(d) the arrangement made to complete the construction work of the above building during this year?

A.—Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA (Minister for Revenue and Public Works).—

(a) Rs. 1,44,000.

(b) Rs. 1.0 lakh from the Intermediate College Fund Committee.

(c) Rs. 91,788.

(d) Work is proposed to be completed early next year.

MYSORE IRRIGATION (SECOND AMENDMENT) BILL, 1954.

Motion to consider.

* Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA (Minister for Revenue and Public Works).—Sir, I beg to move:

“That the Mysore Irrigation (Second Amendment) Bill, 1954, be taken into consideration.”

Sir, it is a very simple bill. The object of the Bill is to extend the Mysore Irrigation Act to Bellary District. There is no controversy about this. I request the Hon'ble House to accord their wholehearted support to this Bill.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Motion moved:

“That the Mysore Irrigation (Second Amendment) Bill, 1954, be taken into consideration.”

The question is

Sri Mulka GOVINDA REDDY (Chitaldrug).—We want the Government to explain under what Irrigation Act Bellary is governed and what are the advantages or the disadvantages by applying this Act to Bellary. The Hon'ble Minister has not made that point clear.

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—Today the matters that are governed by the Mysore Irrigation Act are governed by the several Acts of Madras in Bellary District. The names of those Acts have been mentioned in the Bill itself. They are the Madras Irrigation Cess Act of 1865, the Madras Irrigation (Voluntary Cess) Act of 1942, the Madras Irrigation Works (Repairs, Improvement and Construction) Act, 1948, the Madras Irrigation Tanks (Improvement) Act of 1949. These are the several enactments that are in force in the Bellary District now. These enactments will stand repealed after this Act is extended to